

LAKSHYA ACADEMY

SAINIK SCHOOL | MILITARY SCHOOL | RIMC [ONLINE & OFFLINE]

JAIPUR(RAJ.) [9636961534] | PATNA(BIHAR) [8426961534] | LUCKNOW(UP) [9983161534]

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE PRACTICE SET#001

NAME : _____

DATE : ___/___/_____

1. Who among the following is the author of the book "Pre-Historic India"?

- (a) Sir Mortimer Wheeler
- (b) Robert Bruce Foot
- (c) Stuart Piggott
- (d) None of the above

2. To which of the following periods is the "Chapar-Chapping Pebble Culture" associated?

- (a) Pre Paleolithic
- (b) Middle Paleolithic
- (c) Upper Paleolithic
- (d) New Stone Age

3. From which of the following period is the "Hand-Axe Culture" related?

- (a) Pre Paleolithic
- (b) Middle Paleolithic
- (c) Upper Paleolithic
- (d) New Stone Age

4. In which state of India is the Bagor prehistoric site located?

- (a) Gujarat
- (b) Madhya Pradesh
- (c) Rajasthan
- (d) Uttar Pradesh

5. In which Indian state is the Bhimbetka prehistoric site located?

- (a) Gujarat
- (b) Madhya Pradesh
- (c) Rajasthan
- (d) Uttar Pradesh

6. In which state of India is the Belan Valley prehistoric site located?

- (a) Gujarat
- (b) Madhya Pradesh
- (c) Rajasthan
- (d) Uttar Pradesh

7. From which prehistoric site, a bone-made idol of the Mother Goddess has been found?

- (a) Belan Valley
- (b) Bhimbetka
- (c) Bagor
- (d) None of the above

8. Which of the following places is not located in Maharashtra?

- (a) Koregaon
- (b) Chandauli
- (c) Nevasa
- (d) Vagour

9. From which of the following sites has the earliest evidence of paintings been found?

- (a) Koregaon
- (b) Chandauli
- (c) Nevasa
- (d) Bhimbetka

10. "Flake culture" is related to which of the following periods?

- (a) Mesolithic
- (b) Middle Paleolithic
- (c) Upper Paleolithic
- (d) New Stone Age

11. In which of the following period did animal husbandry was started?

- (a) Pre Paleolithic
- (b) Middle Paleolithic
- (c) Mesolithic
- (d) New Stone Age

12. Which metal was first used by humans?

- (a) Copper
- (b) Brass
- (c) Iron
- (d) None of the above

13. Where has the earliest evidence of rice been found?

- (a) Bagor
- (b) Koldihwa
- (c) Adamgarh
- (d) None of the above

14. What was the first grain used by prehistoric humans?

- (a) Wheat
- (b) Rice
- (c) Barley
- (d) None of the above

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15. Where was the earliest evidence of agriculture found in the Indian subcontinent?
(a) Lahuradeva
(b) Mehrgarh
(c) Koldihwa
(d) None of the above
16. Where is the earliest evidence of agriculture found in India?
(a) Lahuradeva
(b) Mehrgarh
(c) Koldihwa
(d) None of the above
17. Where was the earliest evidence of permanent life found?
(a) Kalibanga
(b) Mehrgarh
(c) Koldihwa
(d) None of the above
18. In which state is the prehistoric site Navdatoli located?
(a) Rajasthan
(b) Madhya Pradesh
(c) Uttar Pradesh
(d) Gujarat
19. Who excavated the Navdatoli site?
(a) H.D Sankalia
(b) Mortimer Wheeler
(c) K. D Vajpayee
(d) None of the above
20. Who among the following is called the "Father of Indian Archaeology"?
(a) Alexander Cunningham
(b) John Marshall
(c) James Prinsep
(d) None of the above
21. The Mesolithic Age is characterized by:
(a) The development of agriculture
(b) The use of polished stone tools
(c) The invention of writing systems
(d) The construction of large-scale monuments
22. The Mesolithic Age is also known as the:
(a) Middle Stone Age
(b) Bronze Age
(c) Iron Age
(d) Neolithic Age
23. The Mesolithic Age followed which era?
(a) Paleolithic Era
(b) Neolithic Era
(c) Bronze Age
(d) Iron Age
24. Mesolithic people were primarily:
(a) Farmers
(b) Hunters and gatherers
(c) Traders
(d) Metalworkers
25. Which of the following is a key characteristic of Mesolithic societies?
(a) Domestication of animals
(b) Advanced agricultural practices
(c) Development of pottery
(d) Construction of large-scale settlements
26. The Mesolithic Age is associated with the end of the last:
(a) Ice Age
(b) Dinosaur Age
(c) Stone Age
(d) Bronze Age
27. Which of the following animals were commonly hunted during the Mesolithic Age?
(a) Mammoths and saber-toothed tigers
(b) Cows and pigs
(c) Dogs and cats
(d) Deer and fish
28. Mesolithic people had a more settled lifestyle compared to Paleolithic people. True or False?
(a) True
(b) False
(c) Both (a) & (b)
(d) none of above.
29. The Mesolithic Age saw the emergence of:
(a) Complex social structures
(b) Written language
(c) Advanced metalworking techniques
(d) Monumental architecture
30. Which of the following is a notable Mesolithic site?
(a) Çatalhöyük (Turkey)
(b) Stonehenge (United Kingdom)
(c) Gobekli Tepe (Turkey)
(d) Bhimbetka (India)

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31. The Paleolithic Era is also known as the:

- (a) Stone Age
- (b) Iron Age
- (c) Bronze Age
- (d) Agricultural Age

32. The Paleolithic Era lasted approximately:

- (a) 500 years
- (b) 1,000 years
- (c) 10,000 years
- (d) 100,000 years

33. Paleolithic people were primarily:

- (a) Farmers
- (b) Hunters and gatherers
- (c) Nomadic traders
- (d) Metalworkers

34. Which of the following is a key characteristic of Paleolithic societies?

- (a) Development of written language
- (b) Advanced agricultural practices
- (c) Use of fire for cooking and warmth
- (d) Construction of permanent settlements

35. The Paleolithic people created tools primarily using:

- (a) Wood
- (b) Stone
- (c) Bronze
- (d) Iron

36. Cave paintings and rock art were important forms of expression during the Paleolithic Era. Which of the following regions is known for its famous cave paintings?

- (a) Europe
- (b) Asia
- (c) Africa
- (d) All of the above

37. Which of the following animals were commonly hunted by Paleolithic people?

- (a) Mammoths and saber-toothed tigers
- (b) Cows and pigs
- (c) Dogs and cats
- (d) Birds and fish

38. The Paleolithic Era ended with the onset of the:

- (a) Neolithic Revolution
- (b) Industrial Revolution
- (c) Renaissance
- (d) Modern Age

39. Paleolithic societies lived in small groups called:

- (a) Tribes
- (b) Kingdoms
- (c) Cities
- (d) Empires

40. Which of the following is NOT a notable Paleolithic site?

- (a) Lascaux Cave (France)
- (b) Altamira Cave (Spain)
- (c) Stonehenge (United Kingdom)
- (d) Giza Pyramids (Egypt)

41. The Chalcolithic Age is characterized by the use of:

- (a) Stone tools
- (b) Bronze tools
- (c) Iron tools
- (d) Copper tools

42. The Chalcolithic Age is also known as the:

- (a) Copper Age
- (b) Iron Age
- (c) Bronze Age
- (d) Stone Age

43. The Chalcolithic Age followed which era?

- (a) Paleolithic Era
- (b) Neolithic Era
- (c) Bronze Age
- (d) Iron Age

44. Chalcolithic settlements were primarily:

- (a) Nomadic
- (b) Agricultural
- (c) Hunter-gatherer
- (d) Industrial

45. Which of the following materials was commonly used alongside copper during the Chalcolithic Age?

- (a) Iron
- (b) Bronze
- (c) Silver
- (d) Gold

46. The Chalcolithic Age saw the emergence of:

- (a) Writing systems
- (b) Advanced trade networks
- (c) Monumental architecture
- (d) Advanced metalworking techniques

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47. Which of the following regions is known for its significant Chalcolithic sites?

- (a) Europe
- (b) Asia
- (c) Africa
- (d) All of the above

48. Chalcolithic societies were characterized by:

- (a) Small-scale communities
- (b) Advanced urban centers
- (c) Empire-building
- (d) Advanced maritime trade

49. Which of the following is a notable Chalcolithic site?

- (a) Harappa (Indus Valley)
- (b) Troy (Anatolia)
- (c) Ur (Mesopotamia)
- (d) Stonehenge (United Kingdom)

50. The Chalcolithic Age marks the transition from the use of copper to:

- (a) Bronze
- (b) Iron
- (c) Silver
- (d) Gold

ALL THE BEST

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